## Introduction of LGMMA



## LGMMA

## Ovenview

## LG MMA was

Founded as a joint venture of LG Corp. and the prominent Japanese chemical company Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.,Japan Catalyst Inc. to localize methyl methacrylate(MMA) used as various industrial materials, contributing to enforce competitive power in international trade by stabilizing supply and demand by local companies, which have traditionally relied the whole quantity upon import. Founded as a joint venture of LG Corp. and the prominent Japanese chemical company Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.,Japan Catalyst Inc. to localize methyl methacrylate(MMA) used as various industrial materials, contributing to enforce competitive power in international trade by stabilizing supply and demand by local companies, which have traditionally relied the whole quantity upon import.


Production Scale
(unit: ton/year)

| Capacity | MMA | MAA | BMA | PMMA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 180,000 | 45,000 | 15,000 | 120,000 |

## LGMIMA

## History

## 2016

New SMMA commercial manufacture production (20,000MT/yr)
2015 New BMA commercial manufacture production ( $15,000 \mathrm{MT} / \mathrm{yr}$ )

## 2010's

## 2000's

2012 MAA Capa-up (20,000MT/yr $\rightarrow$ 50,000MT/yr)
2011 MAA Capa-up (20,000MT/yr $\rightarrow$ 50,000MT/yr)
2010 PMMA capa-up (90,000MT/yr $\rightarrow$ 101,000MT/yr)

2008 Completion of MMA Plant 3 and commercial manufacture production (100,000MT/yr $\rightarrow$ 180,000MT/yr)
2005 Completed PMMA Plant 2 (50,000MT/yr $\rightarrow 90,000 \mathrm{MT} / \mathrm{yr}$ )

2003 Completed MMA Plant 2 (50,000MT/yr $\rightarrow$ 100,000MT/yr)

1999 Took over PMMA business of LG Chem, Ltd.
1994 Changed the firm name to LG MMA Corp
1990's
1993 Completed MMA Plant 1
1991 Lucky MMA Corp. established

## LGMIMA

## Business Place Info



## MMA, MAA, BMA

Manufacturing process of LG MMA uses isobutylene vapor phase oxidation (C4 direct oxidation) developed and industrialized by Japanese Sumitomo Chemicals and Nippon Shokubai. Unlike conventional manufacturing process, isobutylene vapor phase oxidation does not produce pollutants. It is a high-tech manufacturing process producing high quality MMA, which oxidizes isobutylene in vapor phase extracted from C4 residue crude, produces methacrylic acid (MAA), and esterifies methacrylic acid with methanol, MMA .

## Chemical Down-Stream

## Global MMA Rate of Application

※ Ref : Acrylic Resins and Plastics(Chemical Economics Handbook)


## MMA Manufacturing Process and Application

MMA, a clear, colorless liquid, is easily triggered to polymerization by light, heat and radiation. It is the main material of PMMA as well as transparent ABS, MBS, etc.

Manufacturing Process


## MMA Application



## MAA Manufacturing Process and Application

As a clear, colorless liquid with a pungent smell, MAA is extensively used as a necessary material in products of daily life such as paint, cement superplasticizer, textile paste and adhesive..

Manufacturing Process


MAA Application


## BMA Manufacturing Process and Application

As a clear, colorless liquid , BMA is extensively used as a necessary material in products of daily life such as paint, lubricating additive, paper finishing agent and textile paste. .


## PMMA

Manufacturing method of PMMA uses suspension polymerization and bulk polymerization industrialized by Sumitomo Chemicals. Suspension method needs dehydration process to control temperature and suitable for small quantity batch production. After the dehydration, it produces type of Bead and extruded Pellet. The bulk polymerization is suitable for continuous mass production and only produces type of extruded Pellet, it does not have dehydration process because of no water used.

## PMMA Process Capacity

## Global PMMA Rate of Application

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PMMA <br> No.1 | Suspension <br> Batch | Bead <br> Pellet | 70,000 |
| PMMA <br> No.2 | Bulk <br> Continuous | Pellet | 50,000 |

※ ref : Acrylic Resins and Plastics(Chemical Economics Handbook)


## PMMA Manufacturing Process and Application

PMMA, MMA monomer-based synthetic resin. It has excellent weather and scratch resistance and the ability to be tinted, so it is widely used as a material for vehicles, optical products, and electrical/electronic instruments.


## PMMA Grade



## General PMMA

Optical grade is of the best optical characteristics among our products. Applied to laptop displays and light guide panels inside LCD monitors, it is of high brightness and transparency

## Impact Resistant PMMA

PMMA is excellent in impact resistance compared to general glasses, but relatively lower among plastics so it is demanded to be improved in this respect

## | SMIMA

SMMA resin is a transparent co-polymer based on MMA and SM. While possessing optical characteristics and transparency similar to acrylic resin, it also has low moisture absorption rate compared to general acrylic resin allows for application to high temperature and humidity.

## | Acrylic Coating Resin

With its unique polymerization technology, LG MMA Corp. produces Bead Grades used for artificial marbles, acryl coatings, acrylic adhesives and paints. Low Tg , high thermal expansion, excellent gloss, acid values required in some cases

## Characteristics of PMMA

## High Transparency

The most excellent transparency among all plastics (Transmits more than 92\% of the visible ray area)

## Excellent

Weatherability
The most excellent weatherability among plastics

## High Scratch

 ResistanceExcellent scratch resistance with its high degree of surface hardness among plastics


## (ㄴ) LG MMA

Seoul Office 23F, LG Seoulstation Bldg., 98, Huam-ro, Jung-gu, Seoul, 04637, Korea
Phone : +82-2-6930-3872,3873 / FAX +82-26930-3802
TS\&D Team 104-1, Munji-dong, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon
Phone : +82-42-870-6233 / FAX (042)866-5799
www.lgmma.com

